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ARTICLES ET MONOGRAPHIES

PERIODIC ARTICLES AND PUBLICATIONS / ARTÍCULOS Y PUBLICACIÓNES

GOUVERNANCE ET INTÉRÊT GÉNÉRAL

GOVERNANCE AND GENERAL INTEREST / GOBERNANZA Y INTERÉS GENERAL

Nonprofit Board Members' Reasons to Join and Continue Serving on a Volunteer Board of Directors

Les nouveaux enjeux de la gouvernance des associations

MODES DE DÉVELOPPEMENT ET DE FINANCEMENT

MODES OF DEVELOPMENT AND FINANCING / MODOS DE DESAROLLO Y DE FINANCIAMIENTO

New Cooperative Banking in Europe. Strategies for Adapting the Business Model Post Crisis

The Competitive Edge of Credit unions in Costa Rica: From Financial Repression to the Risks of a New Financial Environment

Farmers' Willingness to Invest in New Cooperative Instruments: A Choice Experiment

ÉVALUATION

EVALUATION/ EVALUACIÓN

Comparative Efficiency of Agricultural Cooperatives and Conventional Firms in a Sample of Quasi-Twin Companies

Bank Performance, Financial Stability and Market Concentration: Evidence from Cooperative and Non-cooperative Banks

The Impact of Revenue Diversification on Nonprofit Financial Health: A Metaanalysis

GESTION

MANAGEMENT / GESTIÓN

Nonprofit Strategic Management Revisited

Building the Managerial Capital of Agricultural Cooperatives in Africa

How Should Rural Financial Cooperatives be best Organized? Evidence from Ethiopia

Toward a Reassessment of the Role of Rank-and-File Stakeholders in Nonprofit Organizations

INNOVATION SOCIALE

SOCIAL INNOVATION / INNOVACIÓN SOCIAL

Intraorganizational Conditions Supporting Social Innovations by Human Service Nonprofits

An Innovative Opportunity? Social Innovation, Entrepreneurship and the Pedagogical Possibilities for Indigenous Learners

Living lab as a Support to Trust for Co-creation of Value: Application to the Consumer Energy Market

POLITIQUES PUBLIQUES

PUBLIC POLICIES/ POLÍTICAS PUBLICAS

Les coopératives à Madagascar: quel équilibre entre attributions de l'État et développement du mouvement?

CONCEPTS ET DÉFINITIONS

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS / CONCEPTOS Y DEFINICIONES

Géographie économique de l'économie sociale: une cartographique contemporaine des modèles du XIX^e siècle

A Review of the Empirical Literature on Farmer Cooperatives: Performance, Ownership and Governance, Finance and Member Attitude

NUMÉROS SPÉCIAUX

SPECIAL ISSUES/ NÚMEROS ESPECIALES

Gouvernance et ESS

Educación y formación en Economía Social y Cooperativismo

VARIA

The 2019 Nonprofit Employment Report

APPELS À CONTRIBUTIONS

CALLS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS AND / CONVOCATORIAS DE ARTÍCULOS

OFFRE DE BOURSES ET FORMATIONS

OFFER OF SCHOLARSHIPS AND TRAINING/OFERTA DE BECAS Y FORMACIÓNS

ÉVÉNEMENTS À VENIR

EVENTS / EVENTOS

ARTICLES ET MONOGRAPHIES

Periodic articles and publications / Artículos y publicaciónes

GOUVERNANCE ET INTÉRÊT GÉNÉRAL

Governance and general interest / Gobernanza y interés general

Nonprofit Board Members' Reasons to Join and Continue Serving on a Volunteer Board of Directors

Katrina Miller-Stevens and Kevin D. Ward. Journal of Nonprofit & Public Sector Marketing, volume 31, issue 1, pages 61-83, January - March 2019.

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/10495142.2018.1526734?journalCode=wnon20

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "By expanding understanding of individuals' reasons to serve on nonprofit boards, practitioners will be able to improve recruitment and retention of quality board members. This study explores board members' reasons for joining and continuing to serve on a volunteer nonprofit board of directors. A survey of nonprofit board members shows similarities in reasons for initially serving and continuing to serve on a board, but analysis of group means reveals significant differences on 20 of 27 dimensions examined. Organizational-level reasons are reported as more important as a result of board service, whereas individual- and community-level items decline in importance after board service. Latent factors that appear to be important for both joining and continuing to serve on a nonprofit board include organizational commitment, personal growth, recognition, and socialness."

Les nouveaux enjeux de la gouvernance des associations

Philippe Eynaud. Revue internationale de l'économie sociale (RECMA), issue 351, janvier 2019.

https://www.cairn.info/revue-recma-2019-1-page-45.htm?contenu=resume

Résumé issu du l'URL ci-haut: « La gouvernance est un terme polysémique qui naît dans l'univers des entreprises marchandes avant d'être mobilisé dans le contexte des organisations publiques. Après avoir rappelé brièvement l'histoire du concept, ainsi que la manière dont celui-ci est utilisé par les associations, l'auteur dégage trois perspectives ouvertes par les questions de gouvernance en lien avec l'évolution du modèle associatif. La première perspective repose sur la capacité des associations à s'engager sur des modèles multi-acteurs. La deuxième sur leur vocation à développer des démarches participatives à vocation inclusive pour accueillir les personnes les plus exclues de l'action publique. La troisième perspective témoigne d'un large mouvement de reconnaissance des communs. Au final, la gouvernance des associations apparait comme un espace doté d'une logique propre inaugurant un nouveau champ de recherche. »

MODES DE DÉVELOPPEMENT ET DE FINANCEMENT

Modes of development and financing / Modos de desarollo y de financiamiento

New Cooperative Banking in Europe. Strategies for Adapting the Business Model Post Crisis

Editors: Migliorelli, Marco. Palgrave Macmillan Edition, 246 pages, January 2019 https://www.palgrave.com/us/book/9783319935775

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "This edited volume showcases how the European cooperative banks have continued to evolve amid a new competitive scenario that resulted from the Global Financial Crisis started in Europe in 2008. The cooperative banking paradigm has been put under an unprecedented pressure as a consequence of factors such as the exceptionally low interest rates set by the European Central Bank, low profitability generated by traditional banking services—which are the backbone of the cooperative banking business—and the entrance of fintech companies into the banking market. Furthermore, tightening regulation since the beginning of the crisis has produced an increased capital and liquidity burden which in some cases have forced cooperative banks to reduce lending to their members and customers, putting under question the

traditional countercyclical role of cooperative banks in periods of crisis. For these reasons, it is of the utmost value to observe and analyse how cooperative banks have been reacting in the attempt to preserve their unique business model and, at the same time, to keep providing credit to the economy. A number of scholars active in the cooperative banking sector have been involved in this edited volume as contributors."

The Competitive Edge of Credit unions in Costa Rica: From Financial Repression to the Risks of a New Financial Environment

Miguel Rojas, Sébastien Deschênes, Lovasoa Ramboarisata and André Leclerc. Canadian Journal of Nonprofit and Social Economy Research, volume 9, issue 2, pages 62-79, February 2019.

http://anserj.ca/anser/index.php/cjnser/article/view/289

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "This article argues that financial repression played a key role in the emergence of credit unions (CUs) in Costa Rica, along with other institutional factors. Credit unions took advantage of the opportunity to serve borrowers whose requests had been refused by banks. Given the sweeping reforms of the Costa Rican financial system aimed at reducing the scope of financial repression, this article poses the question of how those reforms impacted the competitiveness of CUs. Previous literature suggests that financial reform may lead to concentration in the financial sector, and not to the promotion of a more competitive environment. This article presents data showing that CUs in Costa Rica exhibited an enhanced ability to gain market share and also provides an explanation for the observed trend."

Farmers' Willingness to Invest in New Cooperative Instruments: A Choice Experiment

Eeva ALHO, Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 90, issue 1, pages 161-186, February 2019. https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/apce.12226

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "Globalization of agricultural markets put pressures on producer cooperatives to invest in expansion and growth to safeguard their competitiveness. Availability of capital is limited if farmers do not have incentives to increase their capital contribution. Cooperative literature recognizes the residual rights, transferability, and the appreciation potential of the investment as the potential solutions for the problems that may impede cooperative investments. The objective of this study is to understand farmer preferences regarding investment attributes and the potential for attracting investment capital from members and non-members. We employ a choice experiment method to test new cooperative investment instruments. The data consist of a questionnaire conducted with 406 Finnish dairy farmers. Random parameter latent class logit model is used in the estimation of the data. The results indicate that most of the respondents regard the new investment instruments positively. However, farmers prefer restricting ownership rights to members. Incentives for members to participate in financing cooperative growth could be designed with capital-based residual rights, mechanisms for transferability and for the appreciation of firm value. Estimation that considered choice difficulty improved model fit, which highlights the need to address respondent burden also in future studies of hypothetical investments in order to produce unbiased estimates."

ÉVALUATION

Evaluation/ evaluación

Comparative Efficiency of Agricultural Cooperatives and Conventional Firms in a Sample of Quasi-Twin Companies

Maria Giovanna Brandano, Claudio Detotto, Marco Vannini. Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 90, issue 1, pages 53-76, February 2019.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/apce.12220

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "The resilience of cooperatives and their positive contribution to employment in times of crisis is well established. However, their overall economic performance relative to conventional firms is still controversial, casting doubt on the ability of this alternative organizational form to govern the fundamental drivers of productivity. To shed new light on the issue, we study the comparative technical efficiency of agricultural cooperatives (ACs) and conventional firms (CFs), drawing on a unique data set comprising all wine-producing companies in Sardinia (Italy) from 2004 to 2009. Due to the similarity of the habitats in which the firms operate and the careful measurement of several key inputs, the observed units are 'twins' in all non-organizational respects, providing an ideal setting for comparison. Having generated efficiency scores through Data Envelopment Analysis (DEA), we regressed the scores on external covariates and ownership

type using a pooled truncated maximum likelihood formulation. Our findings, which survive correction for spatial correlations, indicate that cooperatives are less technically efficient than their capitalist counterparts and struggle more to adapt to extreme weather fluctuations. Both results are particularly worrying in light of the main challenges facing the wine industry in the near future: liberalization of EU planting rights and climate change."

Bank Performance, Financial Stability and Market Concentration: Evidence from Cooperative and Non-cooperative Banks

Cristian Barra and Roberto Zotti, Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 90, issue 1, pages 103-139, February 2019.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/apce.12217

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "Relying upon highly territorially disaggregated data taken at labour market areas, the paper explores the relationship between bank performances and financial stability of the banking system taking into account the role of market concentration. The z-score is used as financial stability indicator, while the performance of financial intermediaries is measured using a parametric method recently developed (Kumbhakar et al. 2014). The empirical evidence shows a positive relationship between bank performance and financial stability and supports the 'concentration—stability' view for non-cooperative banks only when concentration is measured on the whole sample of banks. Differences in the performance—stability nexus seem to depend more on the type of banks rather than different levels of market concentration. Higher market concentration of cooperative banks affects systemic stability by reducing the z-scores of non-cooperative banks, supporting the hypothesis that the presence of non-profit-maximizing entities can pull down stability of other financial institutions.

The Impact of Revenue Diversification on Nonprofit Financial Health: A Meta-analysis

ChiaKo Hung and Mark A. Hager. Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly, volume 48, issue 1, February 2019. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/0899764018807080

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "This study reviews the influence of revenue stream diversification on financial health. It is a meta-analysis of previous studies that have studied the relationship. This literature variously demonstrates that nonprofit financial health is improved, not influenced or harmed by diversifying reliance on different revenue streams. Our analysis of 40 original studies reporting 296 statistical effects demonstrates a small, positive, yet statistically significant association between revenue diversification and nonprofit financial health. In addition, we show that granularity of measurement of revenue diversification influences effect size, that this effect has shifted over time, and that studies on U.S. nonprofits demonstrate weaker (or more negative) effects. However, few other prominent suspects, including diversity of financial health measure or methodology choices, explain variations in effects across the literature on revenue diversification. Overall, the study supports the contention that both analysts and practitioners should make strategic considerations that have generally escaped scholarship on revenue diversification or shift attention to revenue optimization considerations that have been raised by portfolio theory."

GESTION

Management / Gestión

Nonprofit Strategic Management Revisited

Eric W. Miller. Canadian Journal of Nonprofit and Social Economy Research, volume 9, issue 2, pages 23-40, February 2019.

http://anserj.ca/anser/index.php/cjnser/article/view/270

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "This article presents a review and analysis of empirically based research on strategic management in nonprofit organizations appearing in peer-reviewed journals between 1998 and 2015, and compares these findings with an earlier, similar study to determine how nonprofit use of strategic management has evolved over time. Findings suggest that determinants of strategic management have evolved beyond funder requirements to include environmental pressures to increase organizational efficiency and effectiveness, professionalize staff capacities, and respond to changing customer requirements. Nonprofits continue to use strategic management in response, and have recently adopted a wide range of for-profit strategies and practices in both strategy content and strategy performance areas. Strategic management offers

both risks and rewards for nonprofits, but requires significant time, resources, and human capital that not all nonprofits readily possess."

Building the Managerial Capital of Agricultural Cooperatives in Africa

Gian Nicola Francesconi and Fleur Wouterse. Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 90, issue 1, pages 141-159, February 2019.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/apce.12218

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "Agricultural cooperatives in Africa tend to be community-based organizations defined by principles of inclusion, voluntarism, democracy, equity, autonomy, mutuality and solidarity. This means that they generally operate in accordance with the principles endorsed by the International Cooperative Alliance (ICA). However, only a few of these organizations are successful in commercializing the agricultural produce of their members. In this study, we argue that growth-problems leading to commercial failure and organizational degeneration in these cooperatives can be attributed to a lack of managerial capital. Drawing on the literature and evidence from the field we set out key management solutions for counterbalancing cooperative principles in the context of rural Africa. These solutions were taught to the leaders and managers of 362 cooperatives at four training events held in Madagascar, Malawi and twice in Uganda. Using a production function for cognitive achievement and key informant interviews, we find that our training contributed to the adoption of the proposed solutions by some of the cooperatives. Using the Ugandan sub- sample, we estimate an OLS regression and a PSM model to show that the training translated into higher revenues per member generated through collective commercialization."

How Should Rural Financial Cooperatives be best Organized? Evidence from Ethiopia

Kibrom A. Abay, Bethelhem Koru, Gashaw Tadesse Abate, Guush Berhane. Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 90, issue 1, pages 187-215, February 2019.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/apce.12212

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "What is the optimal size and composition of Rural Financial Cooperatives (RFCs)? With this broad question in mind, we characterize alternative formation of RFCs and their implications in improving rural households' access to financial services, including savings, credit and insurance services. We find that some features of RFCs have varying implications for delivering various financial services (savings, credit and insurance). We find that the size of RFCs exhibits nonlinear relationship with the various financial services RFCs provide. We also show that compositional heterogeneity among members (including diversity in wealth) is associated with higher access to credit services, while this has little implication on households' savings behavior. Similarly, social cohesion among members is strongly associated with higher access to financial services. These empirical descriptions suggest that the optimal size and composition of RFCs may vary across the domains of financial services they are designed to facilitate. These pieces of evidence provide some suggestive insights on how to ensure financial inclusion among smallholders, a pressing agenda and priority of policy makers in developing countries, including Ethiopia. The results also provide some insights into rural microfinance operations which are striving to satisfy members' demand for financial services.

Toward a Reassessment of the Role of Rank-and-File Stakeholders in Nonprofit Organizations

Patrick Valeau, Philippe Eynaud, Stephanie Chatelain-Ponroy, and Samuel Sponem. Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly, volume 48, issue 1, February 2019.

https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/0899764018794898

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "This study examines the relationships between the influence of different stakeholders and mission-based strategic planning, community development, and economic effectiveness. Our purpose is to highlight the unique and incremental contribution of rank-and-file stakeholders, that is, stakeholders without any specific grade or status, such as nonboard volunteers or beneficiaries. We analyze reported data from 227 nonprofit organizations (NPOs) using structural equation modeling and bootstrap mediation analysis. Our results show that when rank-and-file stakeholders manage to remain influential, strategic planning tends to be more directly rooted in the mission, which contributes to both perceived community and economic effectiveness. These results are discussed with regard to the utility, legitimacy, and urgency of more direct forms of democratic governance giving rank-and-file stakeholders the power to contribute to mission-based strategic planning."

INNOVATION SOCIALE

Social innovation / Innovación social

Intraorganizational Conditions Supporting Social Innovations by Human Service Nonprofits

Micheal L. Shier, Femida Handy, and Calvin Jennings. Nonprofit and Voluntary Sector Quarterly, volume 48, issue 1, February 2019.

https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/0899764018797477

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "Social innovation is a distinct type of innovation that refers to the efforts of individuals and organizations that help to create opportunities that have a broader impact on a social system and/or the experiences of a vulnerable social group as a whole. This research identifies the intraorganizational conditions that support or hinder efforts by human service nonprofits to undertake social innovations. Utilizing a cross-sectional research design with a random sample of human service nonprofits (N = 165) in Pennsylvania, the study identifies internal organizational conditions related to cohesion, procedures, and staff engagement that positively predict product, process, and socially transformative social innovations. This study provides empirical evidence of specific internal organizational characteristics that are supportive of social innovations in human service nonprofits. Furthermore, areas for organizational development related to leadership, staff and volunteer engagement, and procedures and processes are identified that support the development and undertaking of social innovations. N = 165

An Innovative Opportunity? Social Innovation, Entrepreneurship and the Pedagogical Possibilities for Indigenous Learners

Katharine McGowan. Canadian Journal of Nonprofit and Social Economy Research, volume 9, issue 2, February 2019.

http://anserj.ca/anser/index.php/cjnser/article/view/268

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "The need to indigenize curriculum in Canada is pressing. Education, however, is fraught and complex. Questions have been asked about the accessibility and applicability of traditional class-based educational paradigms and subject matter. Based on the limited courses currently on offer in Canada, the emergent social-innovation pedagogy seems to bear several points of sympathy or commonality with Indigenous pedagogies, including emphasis on experiential learning, reflection, and collaborative work. Indigenous pedagogies and ways of knowing cannot and should not be slotted into a Eurocentric educational paradigm. This article will begin to explore this possible pedagogical sympathy—an overlap between the two knowledge systems—with the support of a group of Indigenous business students interested in social innovation as a tool to help them build the resilience of their communities."

Living lab as a Support to Trust for Co-creation of Value: Application to the Consumer Energy Market Laurent Dupont, Joëlle Mastelic, Nathalie Nyffeler, Sophie Latrille and Eric Seulliet. Journal of Innovation Economics and Management, issue 28, pages 53-78, February 2019.

https://www.cairn.info/revue-journal-of-innovation-economics-2019-1-page-

53.htm?WT.tsrc=cairnEmailAlert&WT.mc id=JIE 028&contenu=resume

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "Open Innovation is widely explored, and many technologies are developed to support the involvement of stakeholders in its distributed co-design process, i.e. when actors work asynchronously and at a geographical distance. One of the fundamental parameters for the success of distributed collaborative approaches is the trust that the actors have in each other, in the current process and in technology. However, practitioners make little use of trust as a parameter for piloting and supporting co-creation of value. The lack of understanding of the mechanisms involved seems to explain this situation. Using a multiple-case-study analysis of co-design in the field of energy, this paper proposes to identify the levers in Living Lab favouring the trust between stakeholders. In addition to practical illustration, this paper provides a first co-design project management framework for practitioners, through the development of the "Co-coon Matrix".

POLITIQUES PUBLIQUES

Public policies/ Políticas publicas

Les coopératives à Madagascar: quel équilibre entre attributions de l'État et développement du mouvement?

Willy Tadjudje. Revue internationale de l'économie sociale (RECMA), issue 351, janvier 2019.

https://www.cairn.info/revue-recma-2019-1-page-101.htm?contenu=resume

Résumé issu du l'URL ci-haut : « En 1999, Madagascar a adopté une nouvelle loi régissant les coopératives. L'un de ses objectifs était de faire des coopératives malgaches de véritables sociétés conçues avec davantage de professionnalisme qu'auparavant. Un tel repositionnement supposait le développement de nouvelles règles de droit favorisant l'autonomie et l'indépendance des coopératives. Or, lorsqu'on étudie cette loi, on constate qu'elle attribue à l'État des fonctions importantes dans la promotion des coopératives. Le but de cette réflexion est de proposer un redimensionnement des prérogatives de l'État en la matière, afin de mieux atteindre l'objectif initialement visé. »

CONCEPTS ET DÉFINITIONS

Concepts and definitions / Conceptos y definiciones

Géographie économique de l'économie sociale: une cartographique contemporaine des modèles du XIX^e siècle

Cécile Le Corroller. Revue internationale de l'économie sociale (RECMA), issue 351, janvier 2019.

https://www.cairn.info/revue-recma-2019-1-page-81.htm?contenu=resume

Résumé issu du l'URL ci-haut : « L'ancrage territorial est constitutif de la définition même de l'économie sociale et solidaire (ESS). Des modèles apparaissent ou se renforcent au XIX^e siècle, concomitamment à la révolution industrielle. En France, quatre modèles se sont construits, corrélés à quatre visions du territoire : l'économie de la réparation, fondée sur la notion d'espace vécu; l'économie de la résistance, en référence à l'idée de développement local; l'économie de la nécessité, en lien avec le concept de territoire-ressource; et enfin l'économie identitaire, reposant sur la spécialisation régionale. La permanence de ces modèles est interrogée par le biais d'une étude cartographique, qui révèle que seul le premier (l'économie de la réparation) n'a pas perduré dans le temps. »

A Review of the Empirical Literature on Farmer Cooperatives: Performance, Ownership and Governance, Finance and Member Attitude

Jasper Grashuis, Ye Su. Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics, volume 90, issue 1, page 77-102, February 2019.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/apce.12205

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "The empirical literature on farmer cooperatives is now fast emerging and developing in the areas of performance, ownership and governance, finance, and member attitude. We discuss 56 peer-reviewed publications to illustrate the main findings and conclusions while outlining challenges and opportunities for future research. Generally, cooperative membership is found to positively impact price, yield, input adoption, income, and other indicators of member performance, yet there is growing evidence of an uneven distribution of benefits for small and large producers. In terms of structure, evidence of a causal relationship of ownership and governance to performance has been elusive, yet there are now many findings of inherent equity and long-term debt constraints, often in the context of consolidation to drive scale and scope economies. Further inefficiency is observed to be driven by increased heterogeneity in member attitudes and objectives, in particular in terms of commitment and participation. Thus, overall, empirical work portrays farmer cooperatives as flawed and complex business organizations which nonetheless have a strong positive impact on its members. While applied research may progress in various directions, a general improvement in empirical methodologies is needed to allow robust analysis of mixed objectives in dynamic environments."

NUMÉROS SPÉCIAUX

Special issues/ números especiales

Gouvernance et ESS

Numéro spécial de la revue internationale de l'économie sociale (*RECMA*), issue 351, janvier 2019 https://www.cairn.info/revue-recma-2019-1.htm

Educación y formación en Economía Social y Cooperativismo

Numéro especial de 'CIRIEC-España, Revista de Economía Pública, Social y cooperativa', Numéro 94, Enero 2019.

http://www.ciriec-revistaeconomia.es/index.php?id pagina=7&id revista=104&ci=esp

VARIA

The 2019 Nonprofit Employment Report

Lester M. SalamonandChelsea L. Newhouse. Nonprofit Economic Bulletin no. 47, Johns Hopkins Center for Civil Society Studies, 16 pages, January 2019.

http://ccss.jhu.edu/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2019/01/2019-NP-Employment-Report FINAL 1.8.2019.pdf

Abstract excerpted from the URL cited above: "This report presents new data on employment and wages in private, nonprofit establishments in the United States from 2007 through 2016, with a special focus on how nonprofit employment fared during the post-recessionary period from 2012-2016. This report comes at a crucial time both for the nation and for the nonprofit sector given important policy changes and challenges facing the sector. In particular, the Federal Tax Cut and Jobs Act passed in December 2017 included several items that could have a negative effect on nonprofits' ability to generate private donations. For example, by greatly expanding the standard deduction available to individuals, the tax bill will eliminate the tax incentives for giving for millions of taxpayers. According to one analysis: "this change is projected to shrink charitable giving to nonprofits by \$13 billion or more each year, leading to the potential elimination of 220,000 to 264,000 nonprofit jobs." Similarly, by doubling the exemption from taxes on estates from \$11 million to \$22 million, the 2017 tax bill will likely reduce the incentives for high-net-worth individuals to form charitable foundations or dedicate a portion of their estates to charity upon their death. This, in turn, will further weaken a long-standing American ideal of avoiding the creation of an aristocracy of wealth that perpetuates itself across generations. These changes come on top of recent shifts in the form of government support to nonprofits from producer-side subsidies to consumer-side subsidies such as vouchers and tax credits, which have further complicated the survival prospects for nonprofits by encouraging for-profit firms, with their superior access to investment capital, to enter, and ultimately dominate, fields in which nonprofit providers formerly held sway."

APPELS À CONTRIBUTIONS

Calls for contributions and / Convocatorias de artículos

- → Social Innovation: Local Solutions to Global Challenges. 11th International Social Innovation Research Conference organised by ISIRC (is the world's leading interdisciplinary social innovation research conference) and will be hosted by The Yunus Centre for Social Business and Health. 2nd to 4th September, 2019. Glasgow Caledonian University. Deadline for submission: February 28th, 2019.
- → Advancing Crowdfunding Research What do we know and what Should we Look for? Special issue of Baltic Journal of Management. Deadline for submission: March 1st, 2019. (RECALL)

- → **Student Co-operative Case Study Competition**. The Centre for the Study of Co-operatives, University of Saskatchewan and the Canadian Association for Studies in Co-operation (CASC) are sponsoring a student case study competition. **Deadline for submission: March 30rd, 2019.** (RECALL)
- → Social Enterprises, Social Innovation and the Creative Economy . Special issue of Social Enterprise Journal. Deadline for submission: March 30rd, 2019. (RECALL)
- → Going Digital? New Possibilities of Digital-Community Currency Systems. 5th Conference of Research Association on Monetary Innovation and Community and Complementary Currency Systems. September 11th to 15th, 2019. Hida-Takayama, Japan. Deadline for submission: March 31st, 2019.
- → The Sharing Economy: new HRM theories and practices? Special issue of Personnel Review. Deadline for submission: April 30rd, 2019. (RECALL)
- → Social Economy under Influence: Isomorphism or Innovation? Trajectories of Social Economy and Cooperative Enterprises: Resilience, degeneration and regeneration. Special issue of Annals of Public and Cooperative Economics. Deadline for submission: April 30rd, 2019. (RECALL)
- → The Relationship between Civil Society, Citizens and Government. Conference of the European group of public administration. September 11th-13th, 2019. Belfast, UK. Deadline for submission: May 15th, 2019.
- → Social Solidarity Economy & the Commons: Contributions to the Deepening of Democracy.

 International conference organized by the Centre for International Studies (CEI-IUL), with the support of the Department of Political Economy at ISCTE-IUL, the Centre for Ecology, Evolution and Environmental Changes. November 6th 08th, 2019. Instituto Universitário de Lisboa (ISCTE-IUL), Lisbon, Portugal. Deadline for submission: May 31st, 2019.
- → **Technology-Driven Social Entrepreneurship and Social Innovation.** Call for papers for a special issue of the Journal of Social Entrepreneurship. **Deadline for submission: June 1**st, **2019.**
- → Philanthropy in the spotlight? Achievements, Limitations, Opportunities and Risks. Special issue of Voluntas (International Journal of Voluntary and Nonprofit Organizations). Deadline for submission: September 1st, 2019.

Offre de bourses et formations

Offer of scholarships and training/Oferta de becas y formacións

- → La place et l'impact de l'ESS dans la gestion de la crise migratoire européenne. Appel à candidatures pour des bourses de recherche postdoctorales. Ces bourses sont cofinancées par la Fondation Croix Rouge et la Fondation Crédit Coopératif. Date limite de dépôt de candidatures : 21 mars 2019.
- → **Governance and Collaborative Decision-Making in Democratic Organizations.** Call for applications for a postdoctoral research fellow position/ research associate position. This call is launched by Saint Mary's University. **Deadline for submission of applications: As soon as possible.**

ÉVÉNEMENTS À VENIR

Events / Eventos

- → Empower-SE Research Workshop on "Social Enterprise in Social and Health Services. 2nd WG 2
 Research workshop; the event will be hosted by the Research Center of Social Intervention. February
 27th to March 1st. Frankfurt, Germany. (RECALL)
- → **Philanthropy and Social Impact.** Symposium organized by The USC Center on Philanthropy and Public Policy. **March 14**th-**16**th, **2019**, **California**, **USA**. (RECALL)
- → Capital Humain, Innovations et Développement Économique. Colloque international organisé, entre autres, par le Centre de Recherche sur l'Industrie, les Institutions et les Systèmes économiques, d'Amiens et Laboratoire Economie du Développement. 21-22 mars 2019, Marrakech, Maroc.
- → International Co-operative Alliance Committee on Co-operative Research Conference Sessions. 15th International Conference. March 21th–24th, 2019. Tokyo, Japan.
- → Penser pour agir. 20e Colloque annuel des étudiants de cycles supérieurs du CRISES. 28 et 29 mars 2019. Université du Québec en Outaouais au Campus St-Jérôme, Québec, Canada. (Rappel)
- → Implementing the Sustainable Development Goals: What Role for Social and Solidarity Economy?.

 Call for papers for an international conference organized by the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (UNRISD). April 2019, United Nations in Geneva. (RECALL)
- → 2019 West Coast Nonprofit Data Conference. This conference was hosted by Arizona State University and the ASU Lodestar Center for Philanthropy and Nonprofit Innovation, School of Community Resources and Development and the Watts College of Public Service and Community Solutions. April 26th -27th, Phoenix, Arizona, USA.
- → Universal Capitalism in Decline. Conference co-organized by International Karl Polanyi Society (IKPS) and Karl Polanyi Research Center for Global Social Studies. May 3rd 5th, 2019, Vienna, Austria. (RECALL)
- → ESS de la culture et culture de l'ESS. Les XIXe Rencontres du RIUESS Organisées par la chaire ESS-UPEM. Du 15 au 17 mai 2019. Université Paris Est Marne la Vallée, Paris, France. (RECALL)
- → Innovation et Territoires face aux Inégalités. Colloque interdisciplinaire organisé par le GRIDEQ en partenariat avec le Centre de recherche sur le développement territorial (CRDT), l'Association internationale des sociologues de langue française (AISLF), la Chaire de recherche du Canada en Innovation sociale et développement des territoires (ISDéT) et le projet de recherche ATISÉE. Du 22 au 25 mai 2019. Université du Québec à Rimouski, Québec. (Rappel)
- → Concrétiser le dialogue savoirs-société: quelles innovations sociales face aux changements politiques? Colloque dans la cadre du 87ème Congrès de l'Acfas organisé par le CRISES en partenariat avec le TIESS, le CIRIEC Canada et l'Équipe de recherche Travail et Société. 27 et 28 mai 2019. Université du Québec en Outaouais, Québec, Canada. (Rappel)
- → Co-operative entrepreneurship: Theory and Best Practices. The Association of Cooperative Educators (ACE), the International Co-operative Alliance Committee on Co-operative Research (ICA CCR), and the Canadian Association for Studies in Co-operation join to hold their annual conference together. This Conference will be organized by IRECUS-Université de Sherbrooke in collaboration with Chaire Guy-

- Bernier from UQAM and the Centre for Study of Co-operatives of University of Saskatchewan. 27th-31th May, 2019. Montréal, Québec, Canada. (RECALL).
- → Nonprofits and the Social Economy: Circles of Conversation. Twelfth annual conference and celebration of the Association for Nonprofit and Social Economy Research (ANSER). 5th -7th June, 2019. University of British Columbia, Vancouver Canada. (RECALL).
- → Social and Solidarity Economy: Moving Towards a New Economic System. 7th CIRIEC International Research Conference on Social Economy organised by CIRIEC International in collaboration with Solidarity Laboratory (member of CIRIEC International), The University of Bucharest Faculty of Sociology and Social Work and The National University of Political Studies and Public Administration Faculty of Management. June 6th to 9th, 2019. Bucharest, Romania. (RECALL)
- → Sustainable Development through Social Enterprise, Co-operative and Voluntary Action. 7th EMES International Research Conference organized by The EMES International Research Network, in partnership with the FairShares Institute for Cooperative Social Entrepreneurship (FSI) and Centre for Regional Economic and Social Research (CRESR). June 24th-27th, 2019, at Sheffield Hallam University, United Kingdom (UK). (RECALL)
- → The Quest for Social Impact: Opportunities and Challenges for Hybrid Organizations. 19th EURAM Conference, Track T01 08. June 26th 28th, 2019. Lisbon, Portugal. (RECALL)
- → Philanthropy in the spotlight? Resources, Reputation and Achievements. 9th International conference of European Research Network on Philanthropy. July 4th-5th, 2019. University of Basel, Switzerland.

 (RECALL)
- → Shifting Sands? The Challenges of Regulatory Change and Its Impact on the Third Sector Environment in the Asia Pacific Region. 2019 ISTR Asia Pacific Conference Co-hosted by the School of Global Studies, Thammasat University and Center for Civil Society and Philanthropy, National Institute of Development Administration (NIDA). July 15-16, 2019, Bangkok, Thailand. (RECALL)
- → Leveraging Technology for Effective Government and Civil Society: A Review of Africa's Digital Renaissance and Innovations in Civil Society. 4th Annual ARNOVA-Africa/AROCSA Annual Conference. July 22th-24th, 2019. Strathmore University, Nairobi, Kenya.
- → La evolución histórica de la economía social en América Latina a partir de su relación con el estado y la inserción en al mercado. El sexto Congreso Latino-Americano de Historia Económica (CLADHE VI).
 23 y 25 de julio de 2019. Santiago, Chile. (RECALL)
- → Cooperatives and the Transformation of Business and Society. ICA CCR European Research Conference. August 21st 23rd, 2019, Berlin, Germany. (RECALL)
- → Économie sociale et gouvernement. 39e journées de l'Association d'économie sociale (AÉS). 4-6 septembre 2019. Amiens (France). (RECALL)

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