# 1. Social Value Index (SVI)

The SVI is an index that KoSEA has developed to evaluate the social value and impact of SEEs. It then uses the results to help SEEs self—check and decide which candidates will be most qualified for the policy support programs. The SVI consists of 14 indicators across three areas of performance: social, finance, and innovative performance. The heaviest weighting is assigned to social performance. The index is improved annually in light of feedback from diverse stakeholders.

### Social Value Index: Composition

Performance	Area	Category	Indicator	Points
Social	Mission (10)	Social mission	1. Pursuit of social mission	2
performance (60)			Presence of system for managing social performance	5
(/	Business	Social value of main business activities	3. Social orientation of business activities	15
	activities (30)	Fostering social economy	4. Collaboration with other SEEs	5
		ecosystems	5. Collaboration with local community	5
		Reinvestment in social objectives	6. Effort to return profits to society	10
	Organization (20)	Democratic governance	7. Percentage of democratically made decisions	5
		Worker orientation	8. Wages for workers	8
			9. Effort to enhance worker capabilities	5
Financial performance (30)	Financial		10. Number of jobs created	10
	performance (30)	Jobs and financial output	11. Amount of revenue raised	10
			12. Outcome of sales activities	5
		Labor performance	13. Labor productivity	5
Innovative performance(10)	Business innovation (10)	Innovation	14. Management and product/service innovation	10
Total		14 indicators		100

\*Source: Manual on the Use of the SVI 2019, KoSEA (2018).

## 2. SEE Evaluation Model

The KCGF and KoSEA have together developed the Social Economy Enterprise Evaluation Model in an effort to facilitate decision—making on social finance in ways that reflect the characteristics of SEEs. The pilot model was first introduced in 2018. In 2019, the KCGF developed the version for SEEs in general, while KoSEA developed the version specifically for cooperatives.

### SEE Evaluation Model: Composition

General ev	valuation		Cooperativ	e evaluation	
Area (	Category	Indicator	Area C	ategory	Indicator
Qualification	Organizational	Social value of mission	Qualification	Organizational philosophy  Participation/ Consideraltion and solidarity	Clarity of mission
as SEE	philosophy	Appropriateness of business plan	as cooperative		Appropriateness of business pla
		Entrepreneurship			Entrepreneurship
	Participation/ Consideraltion and solidarity  Social orientation Social contribution Management capabilities Education/ training	Appropriateness of decision-making			Appropriateness of decision— making
		Effort to treat members well			Effort to treat members well
		Cooperation/ solidarity with other organizations			Cooperation/ solidarity with other organizations
		Social orientation of business activities	Feasibility of financial	Member benefits Community/ Coexistence  Management capabilities Education/ Training	Orientation to member benefits
		Effort to contribute to society through business			Effort to contribute to local community
Faccibility		Leader's capabilities			Effort to encourage charity and volunteerism
Feasibility of financial					Leader's capabilities
support		Legally required education			Legally required education
		Competency training	support		Competency training
	Sustainability	Competitiveness of business		Sustainability  Financial capabilities	Use of service/ product by members
		Efficiency of sales/marketing			Competitiveness of business
	Financial management capabilities	Rate of increase in revenue			Efficiency of sales/marketing
		Interest coverage ratio			Rate of increase in revenue
		Dependence on borrowings			Rate of increase in investment
		Financing capability			Dependence on borrowings
		Asset soundness			Profit retention rate

<sup>\*</sup>Source: Final Report on Development of the Social Economy Enterprise Evaluation Model, KCGF (2019).

### 3. Social Progress Credit (SPC)

The Social Progress Credit (SPC) developed by SK measures and rewards social enterprises for their contributions to solving social problems in terms of monetary value.

First, the SPC measures the social performance of social enterprises by first measuring and examining the outcomes of a given enterprise's activities that cater to its social mission and core business. Second, it gauges "unrewarded social performance" that is not compensated by the market's price mechanism and institution. Third, it estimates and converts the value of benefits that the enterprise has generated for intended beneficiaries into a market price. Fourth, it compares the enterprise's performance to the performance of possible alternatives, such as governments, nonprofit organizations and for—profit businesses.

Social service performance consists of products and services provided toward solving social problems. Employment performance refers to the number and quality of jobs provided for the disadvantaged. Environmental performance consists of the reduction of resources used and pollutants. Social ecosystem performance refers to the impact that the enterprise has had on local communities, industries and civil society at large.

#### Social Progress Credit: Composition

Туре			Mission			
			Solving social problems	Solving environmental problems		
Social performance	Goods/services Processes Internal		Social service performance  Employment performance	Environmental performance		
		External	Social ecosystem performance			

\*Source: www.socialincentive.org

### 4. Social Venture Valuation Model

The Social Venture Valuation Model was developed by the MSS and the KFTC to gauge whether a given enterprise possesses enough potential for social performance and innovation to be qualified as a social startup. Specifically, it objectively measures the social performance and potential for innovation, and projects their future social and financial performance. It consists of two submodels and 24 indicators.

#### Social Startup Valuation Model: Composition

Category	Subcategory	Indicator	Points	Category	Subcategory	Indicator I	Points
Social orientation	Entrepreneur's	Strength of social entrepreneurship	14	Entrepreneur's capability for innovation	Knowledge and	Strength of technical knowledge	6
	orientation					Experience in industry	8
and mission		Experience with achieving social objectives	6		okillo -	Innovative entrepreneurship	8
1111001011						Management competency	6
	Social mission	Specificity and distinctness of social mission	10	Innovativeness	conobility	Status of R&D workforce	8
				of technology		R&D performance	6
Capability and system for generating		Relevance of business activities	12			Completion of technology	6
	Capability				of technology	Distinctness of technology	8
		Appropriateness of organization	8	Growth potential	Market and	Market potential and prospects	10
						Comparative advantage of product	12
social value					Feasibility -	Feasibility of business plan	12
		Capability for mobilizing external resources and partnership	6			Strength of business infrastructure	10
						Total	100
				Evaluation	of innovative	notantial /Car	vice〉
	System	Superiority of social	8				
		business model		Category	Subcategory	Indicator	Points
		Diffusiveness of social business model	8	Entrepreneur's capability for innovation	Capability and professionalism for innovation		8
						Experience in industry	8
		Strength of social			Management skills	Management competency	6
		Strength of social	8				
		performance	8	Innovativeness	Service	Innovative culture	8
		performance evaluation system		Innovativeness of service	development	Innovative culture Status of development workforce	
Social	Effectiveness	performance evaluation system  Strength (potential) of	8				6
		performance evaluation system			development	Status of development workforce Service development performance	6
		performance evaluation system  Strength (potential) of social performance  Efficiency of			development capacity	Status of development workforce Service development performance	6 e 6
	=	performance evaluation system  Strength (potential) of social performance	8		development capacity  Innovativeness of service  Market	Status of development workforce Service development performance Completion of service	6 e 6 6
	=	performance evaluation system  Strength (potential) of social performance  Efficiency of	8	of service	development capacity  Innovativeness of service	Status of development workforce Service development performance Completion of service Usefulness of service	6 e 6 6 8 10
	=	performance evaluation system  Strength (potential) of social performance  Efficiency of social performance		of service  Growth	development capacity  Innovativeness of service  Market environment	Status of development workforce Service development performance Completion of service Usefulness of service Market potential and prospects	6 e 6 6 8 10
Social performance	=	performance evaluation system  Strength (potential) of social performance  Efficiency of social performance  Sustainability of social performance		of service  Growth	development capacity  Innovativeness of service  Market environment and service	Status of development workforce Service development performance Completion of service Usefulness of service Market potential and prospects Comparative advantage of service	6 e 6 6 8 10 e 12